BY G. A. BOULENGER, F. R. S.

Ophiodes grilli.

Closely allied to *O. striatus*, but azygos praefrontal in contact with the second supraocular, the first being thus separated from the frontal. Interparietal a little broader than the parietals, a little narrower than the frontal. Only the first of the larger paired chin-shields in contact with the lower labials. Scales in 30 rows in the anterior part of the body, in 27 rows in the middle. Vertebral region (four scales and two halves in front, three and two halves in the middle) pale brown, bordered by two dark brown, black-edged stripes (one scale and two halves wide), on the outer side of which a greenish-white, black-edged streak runs; sides greenish-grey; lower parts yellowish white; upper surface of head brown; upper lip and temple greenish white with black vertical bars.

From snout to vent, 170 millim.; tail 230.

A single specimen from Curityba, Parana, Brazil, obtained by Dr. G. Franco Grillo in 1903.

Elapomorphus spegazzinii.

Rostral as deep as broad, the portion visible from above as long as its distance from the frontal and widely separating the internasals; praefrontal single; frontal once and a half as long as broad, as long as its distance from the end of the snout, much shorter than the parietals, which are twice as long as broad; one prae- and two postoculars; temporals 1+1; six upper labials, second and third entering the eye; four lower labials in contact with the anterior chin-shields, which are longer than the posterior.

Scales in 15 rows. Ventrals 214; anal divided; subcaudals 22. Pale brown above, speckled with black, with a narrow black vertebral line and a broad black lateral band; the two rows of scales below the lateral band white, spotted with black; upper surface of head, chin, and the dorsal region above the vent entirely black; anterior two thirds of ventral shields black, posterior third white.

Total length 470 millim.; tail 32.

A single female specimen from La Plata, from Dr. C. Spegazzini's collection, 1891.